



Making
Cities
Work

PANAMA

Capital: Panama City (2000)
Largest City: Panama City 1,173,000

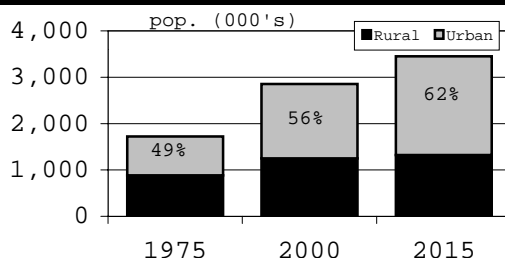
2000 Population	2.9 m. billion
10-year Avg. Annual Pop. Growth	1.7%
GDP (2000)	\$16.6 billion
GDP per capita	\$5,814
GDP growth	2.5%
GNI per capita (2000)	\$3,260
World Bank Classification	Upper M id. Inc
Population Below Poverty Line	1.1 m. billion



Urban

Urban Population

1,606,000
lived in
urban areas
in 2000.



Annual Growth
Rates (2000-2015)
Urban 1.9%
Rural 0.4%

City Sizes	# of cities
10 million +	0
5-9.9 m	0
2.5 - 4.9 m	0
.75-2.49 m	1

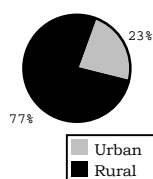
Migration Trends

The country's most concentrated urbanization is located in the corridor along the former Canal Zone from Colón to Panama City. Provincial growth rates in the 1970s ranged from 0.5 percent to 3.5 percent. The population in rural Bocas del Toro province grew at an average annual rate of 3.1 percent. This high growth rate was due to an influx of migrants to the Cerro Colorado copper project in the eastern part of the province.

Urban Poverty

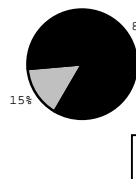
245,718
urban dwellers
were below the
poverty level.

POVERTY IN PANAMA



23% of the
country's
poor live in
urban areas.

URBAN POVERTY



15% of the
urban
population
is poor.

Income Inequality

(wealthiest 20% divided by poorest 20%)
Nation ('97) 14.7
City level *

Economy & Employment

(Country) Sector	GDP (1999)	Employment (1990)
Agriculture	7%	26%
Industrial	17%	16%
Services	77%	58%

Urban Employment Structure (1999)

Informal	Formal
Sole Proprietor 23%	Public 21%
Domestic Service 7%	Private 40%
MicroEnterprise 10%	
Subtotal 39%	Subtotal 61%

Decentralization

Sample Urban Area: Colon (52,286), 2000

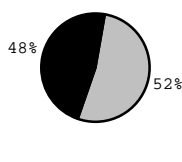
(UNCHS - HABITAT, 1998)

Able to set **some** of local tax levels
Able to set **some** of user charges
Able to borrow **some** of funds

Able to choose **some** contractors for projects
Funds transfer **is** known in advance
Central government **cannot** remove local govt. officials

Infrastructure & Basic Services

192,720
urban dwellers
lack water supply.

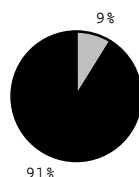


52% of people
without water supply
live in urban areas.

Population without Water Supply in 2000

	(000's)	% of rel. pop.
Urban	193	12%
Rural	175	14%
Total	368	13%

16,060
urban dwellers
lack sanitation
coverage.



9% of people without
sanitation coverage
live in urban areas.

Pop. without Sanitation Coverage in 2000

	(000's)	% of rel. pop.
Urban	16	1%
Rural	162	13%
Total	178	6%

Health

First and Second Quintile of Income Distribution

Under 5 yrs.-old. mortality rate (per 1,000 births, 1995)
Children severely underweight (under 5 yrs.-old)

	Urban Poorest	Rural Poorest	Urban Poor	Rural Poor	National Average
Under 5 yrs.-old. mortality rate (per 1,000 births, 1995)	*	*	*	*	*
Children severely underweight (under 5 yrs.-old)	*	*	*	*	*

Crime

	Small (city size) (<100,000)	Medium (<1.0 mill.)	Large (>1.0 mill.)
% of households reporting assaults & robberies, 1996-1998	26.1%	38.9%	*